



Corporate Presentation

September 2016





COFIDE, We are The Development Bank of Peru

We are committed to sustainable and inclusive development of our country and all Peruvians, fostering an innovative, socially responsible and human capital culture, oriented to excellence in management.

To encourage and promote our vision, we base our strategy on generating development through triple bottom line management, seeking to have a positive impact on social, economic and environmental issues.





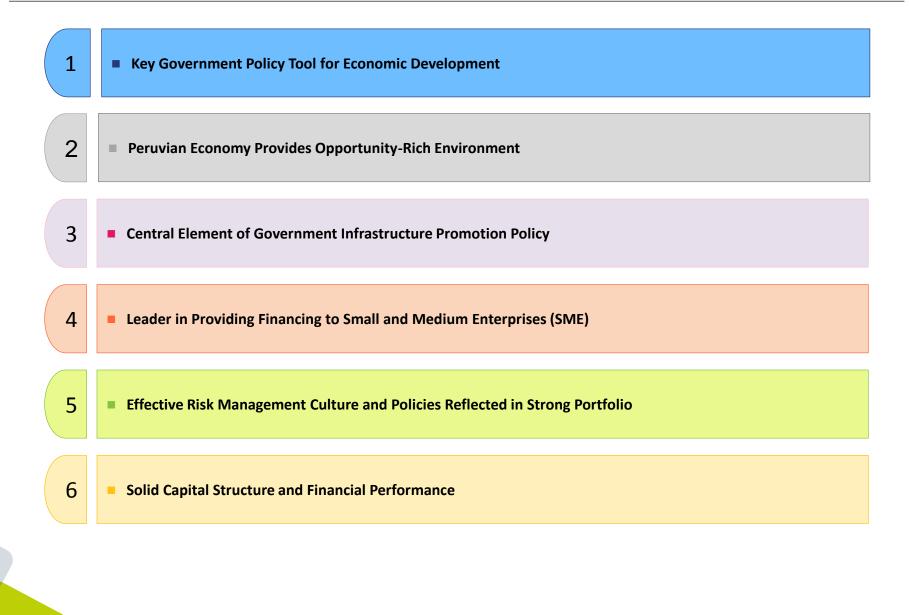
Disclaimer

The material that follows is a presentation of general background information about Corporación Financiera de Desarrollo S.A. and its subsidiaries ("COFIDE"), as of the date of the presentation, prepared solely for purposes of meetings with potential. The material contained herein is in summary form and does not purport to be complete.

This presentation contains statements that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. We caution you that any such forward-looking statements are and will be, as the case may be, subject to many risks, uncertainties and factors relating to the operations and business environments of COFIDE that may cause actual results to be materially different from any future results expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements. Although COFIDE believes that the expectations and assumptions reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable based on information currently available to COFIDE's management, COFIDE cannot guarantee future results or events. COFIDE expressly disclaims any duty to update any of the forward-looking statements, or any other information contained herein.



Key Investment Highlights



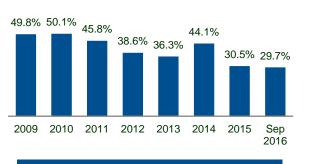
COFIDE at a Glance

Who Owns Us	 The Republic of Peru (through FONAFE) owns 99.23% CAF owns the remaining 0.77%
What We Do	 Provide financing for infrastructure and environmental projects to close Peru's infrastructure gap We spearhead infrastructure projects by providing early financing Provide financing for underserved market segments, particularly in SME lending sector
How We Do It	 Investment Financing: assume project exposure at key junctures Intermediation Financing: financing through regulated financial institutions Investment Management Services: manage funds on behalf of the Peruvian government, agencies and financial institutions We lend under standard market conditions
Our Contribution to Peru's Infrastructure	 Expected to participate in projects totalling ~20% of Peru's infrastructure pipeline for the next 2 years Should disburse at least US\$1.0Bn in the next 2 years It includes important projects such as South Peru Gas Pipeline and Lima Subway Line 2.
Our Regulator	 The Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y Administradoras de Fondos de Pension ("SBS") Operate under same regulatory environment that the rest of the financial institutions in Peru
Our Ratings	 Moody's: Baa2 (Peru: A3) S&P: BBB+ (Peru: BBB+) Fitch: BBB+ (Peru: BBB+)
Our Asset Quality	 Our Past-due Loan ratio is 0.82% as of September 2016



Ownership Assures Government Support

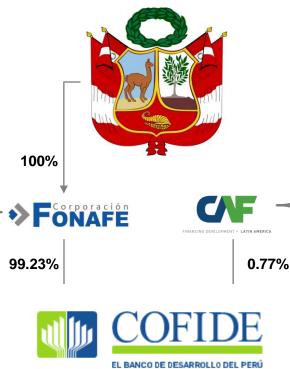
- Sovereign-owned development bank established in 1971
- Autonomous board of directors manages day-to-day operations independently of the Peruvian Government
- Part of the National Financial System and regulated by the Superintendencia de Banca Seguros y AFPs (SBS)



Capital Adequacy Ratio⁽¹⁾

FONAFE

- FONAFE was created in 1999 to oversee the Peruvian Government's corporate activities and equity stakes
- Board of directors of six Ministers appoints management team for the Peruvian Government's majority holdings, including COFIDE



International Credit Ratings					
	Moody's	S&P	Fitch		
Republic of Peru	A3	BBB+	BBB+		
	(stable)	(stable)	(stable)		
COFIDE	Baa2	BBB+	BBB+		
	(stable)	(stable)	(stable)		

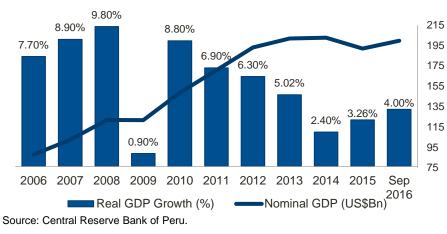
CAF

- CAF, a regional development bank established in 1970, acquired its stake in COFIDE in 1997
- US\$34.3Bn in assets (US\$21.2Bn in loans) as of June 2016.
- CAF ratings: Aa3 / AA- / AA-

Notes:

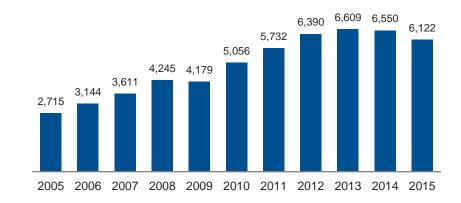
(1) Capital adequacy ratio calculated as regulatory capital over risk weighted assets .

Peruvian Economy Keeps Growing...



Continued GDP Growth (%)

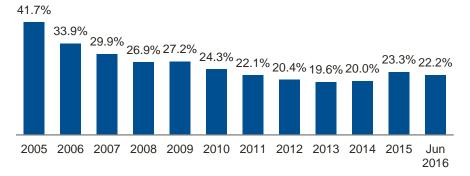




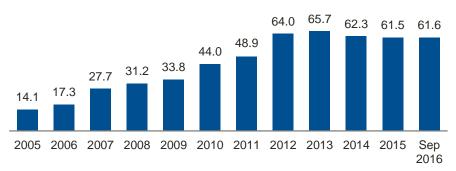
Source: World Bank

Stable Dabt / CDI

Stable Debt / GDP (%)



Significant International Reserves (US\$Bn)⁽²⁾



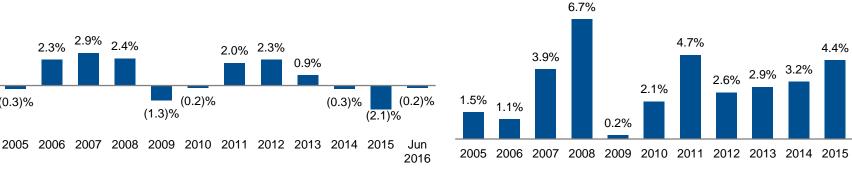
Source: Central Reserve Bank of Peru

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...and Remains Strong

Sustained Fiscal Surplus – Fiscal Balance /GDP (%)





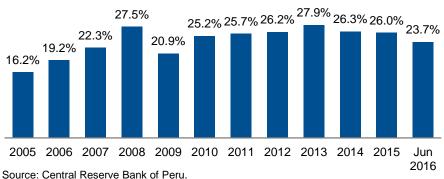
Source: Central Reserve Bank of Peru. Note: First quarter 2016 data on 12-month rolling basis.

(0.3)%

Sustained Investment / GDP (%)

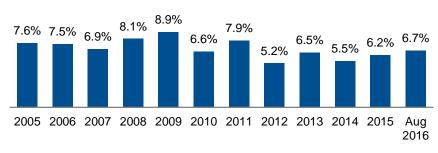
Source: Central Reserve Bank of Peru

Low Unemployment (%)



Note: First quarter 2016 data on 12-month rolling basis.

% of unemployed population / formal labor force



Source: National institute of statistics and informatics of Peru



4.7%

2.6% 2.9% 3.2%

4.4%

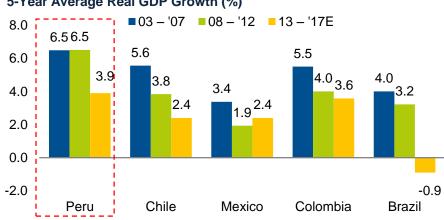
3.1%

Sep

2016

Strong Macro Fundamentals Versus Regional Peers

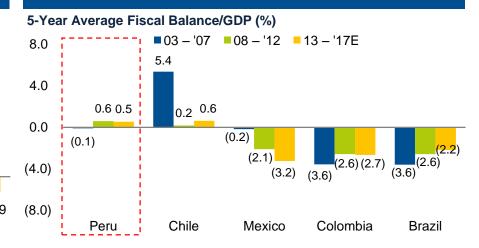
Higher GDP Growth



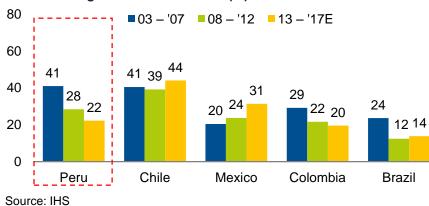
5-Year Average Real GDP Growth (%)

Controlled Fiscal Balance

Low Country Risk Perception

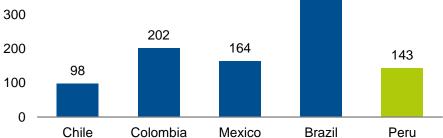


Decreasing Indebtness



5-Year Average External Debt/GDP (%)

5-Yr CDS (12 Month Average bps) A+ BBB BB+ BB 400 387



BBB+

Source: Bloomberg, S&P. The credit rating is the lowest available rating for longterm foreign debt for each country.

Overview of Main Lines of Business

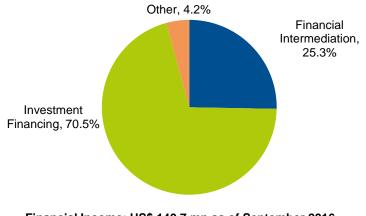
Investment Financing

- Focused primarily on the financing of infrastructure projects undertaken by private or sovereign-owned companies. Mainly energy and transportation projects, as well as key environmental initiatives.
- Funding infrastructure projects through Peruvian or foreign IFIs, and also by investing directly in debt instruments used to finance projects
- COFIDE's credit exposure is to the investment project financed by the ultimate borrower in the event of default

Financial Intermediation

- Finances primarily the SME sector, complementing the private financial sector by providing medium and long-term financing
- Lending takes place only through Peruvian Intermediary Financial Institutions (IFI), including commercial banks, municipal and rural banks, credit unions and entities specializing in SME financings
- COFIDE's credit exposure is to the IFI, rather than the ultimate borrower

Financial Income Breakdown by Line of Business



Financial Income: US\$ 140.7 mn as of September 2016 *Other includes Interest Earning over available cash*



Conservative Credit Culture and Strong Portfolio Performance

Credit Approval Process

Committees	Leader	Other Attendees	Key Topics
1 Assets and Liabilities	COFIDE's CEO	 Corporate Business, Risk, Finance and Intermediation Chief Officers 	 Treasury, derivatives and liquidity gaps Initial assessment of financing opportunities
2 Risk Committee	BoD Chairman	 Corporate Business, Risk, Finance and Intermediation Chief Officers 	 First approval of all infrastructure financing Recommendations for BoD meetings
3 Directors Approval	BoD Chairman	COFIDE's CEOMinimum of 3 BoD members	 Final approval of financing opportunities

Policy for Financial Intermediation

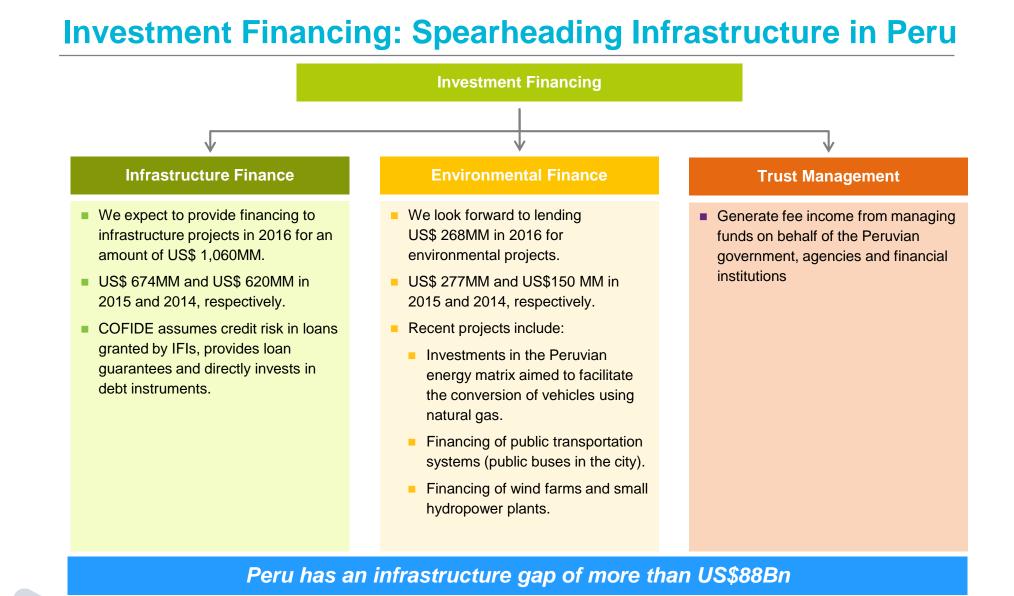
- Strong diligence is performed to the financing entities, including on-site visits (minimum 1 per year)
- Loans are collateralized by the lending portfolio being financed
 - The collateralized portfolio can only be comprised by loans of the top two SBS's categories⁽¹⁾
 - If loans fall below these two categories, they should either be replaced with other performing loans or should be repaid to COFIDE

Policy for Infrastructure Financing

- All infrastructure financing projects are subject to the following four fundamental requirements:
 - 1. Financing is done in partnership with other well known local and international financial institutions
 - 2. COFIDE finances no more than 50% of the financing each infrastructure project ⁽²⁾
 - 3. Financing per project cannot be greater than US\$125mm
 - 4. Tickets on bonds cannot be larger than 20% of the total financing

Notes:

(1) Top two categories of SBS as 1 (Normal) and 2 (Cred. Con Problema Potencial)(2) Board of Directors can approve larger financings



Source: Instituto Peruano de Economía.

COFIDE Infrastructure Investments

COFIDE'S FOCUS IN INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS (2008 – 2016)

Energy (US\$636MM)

- **Gasoducto Sur Peruano:** (US\$125 MM, Deutsche Bank)
- Hydro Energy: Cerro del Águila (US\$45MM, Interbank & HSBC); Chaglla (US\$100MM, Deutsche Bank); Molloco (US\$ 30MM, Goldman Sachs); Ege Junin (US\$ 28,6 MM, Interbank & BTGPactual)
- Fenix Thermoelectric Power Plant : (US\$100MM, BTG Pactual)
- Eten Cold Reserve Power Plant: (US\$45MM, BTG Pactual) (Bond)
- Wind Power: (US\$100MM, Goldman Sachs) (Bond)
- Moyobamba Iquitos Transmission Line: (US\$62.5MM Santander)
- **Ergon Power -** photovoltaic solar panels: (US\$30MM, Credit Suisse).

Mining, Fishing and Agriculture (US\$188MM)

- Minera Ares: (US\$50 MM, Hochschild) (Bond)
- Hayduk: (US\$ 48 MM, Interbank)
- Minera IRL: (US\$ 70MM, Goldman Sachs)
- Camposol: (US\$20MM, Credit Suisse) (Bond)
- Coazucar: (PEN 67MM) (Bond)

Toll Roads and Transportation (US\$547MM)

- COSAC I Buses: (PEN 548MM, Interbank & Deutsche Bank)
- Vía Parque Rímac: (PEN 230MM, BNP Paribas) (Bond)
- IIRSA Sur 5: (US\$85MM, BNP Paribas)
- IIRSA Sur 1: (US\$50MM, Deutsche Bank)
- The Buenos Aires-Canchaque: (US\$35MM, Deutsche Bank)
- Metro de Lima Linea 2: (US\$30MM, Deutsche bank and US\$80 MM in Bonds)
- Longitudinal de la Sierra Road Project: (US\$31.5MM Credit Suisse)

Water & Sanitation (US\$63MM)

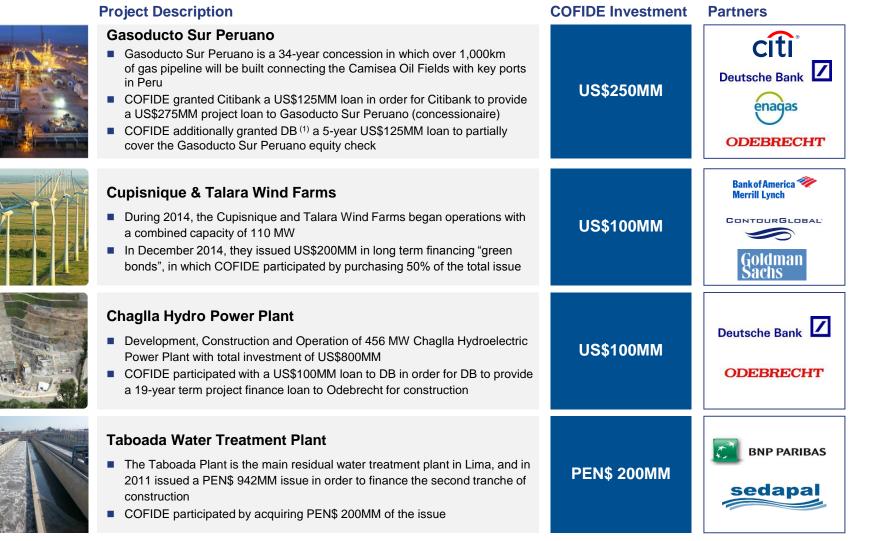
Taboada Plant: (PEN 200MM, BNP Paribas) (Bond)

Ports (US\$34MM)

 Terminales Portuarios Euroandinos: (US\$34MM, (Bond) (Goldman Sachs)

COFIDE Infrastructure Projects

Key Ongoing Projects

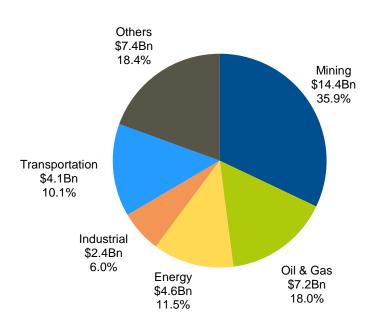


Note: (1) DB: Deutsche Bank

Significant Infrastructure Pipeline in Peru

According to the Central Reserve Bank of Peru there are 53 projects intended to be carried out along with private enterprises for the period 2015 - 2017. These include investment in Mining, Oil & Gas, Energy, Industrial and Transportation.

Infrastructure Projects Pipeline 2015 - 2017



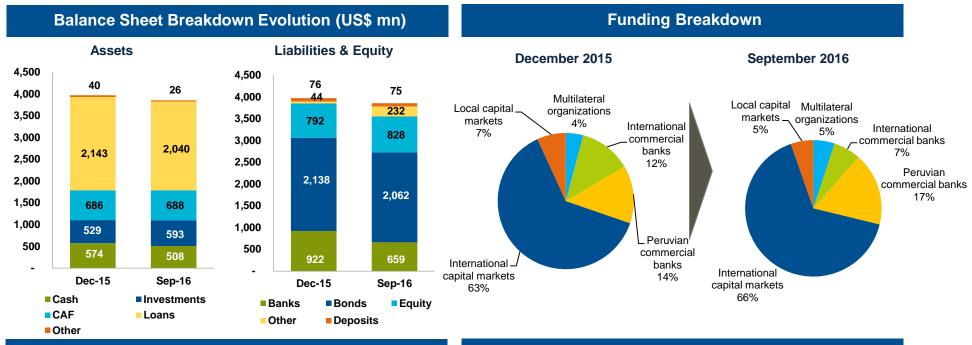
Total Estimated Investment: US\$24.6Bn

Source: Central Reserve Bank of Peru

Pipeline Highlights

- Mining: Toromocho (US\$4,800MM), Las Bambas (US\$5,200MM), Constancia (US\$1,800MM) and Cerro Verde (US\$4,400MM)
- Oil & Gas: Perenco Lote 67 (US\$1,800MM) Gaseoducto del Sur project (US\$4.1Bn)
- Energy: Thermal Power Plants Kallpa and Enersur (US\$900MM) Southern Energy Node (US\$700MM)
- Industrial: Phosphates project Bayovar II (US\$430MM), Hochschild & Mitsubishi Phosphates project (US\$250MM)
- Transportation: Vía Parque Rímac (US\$670MM) Metro de Lima Linea 2 (US\$5.4Bn) Airport Chincheros (US\$660MM)
- Other: Olmos irrigation project (US\$580MM)

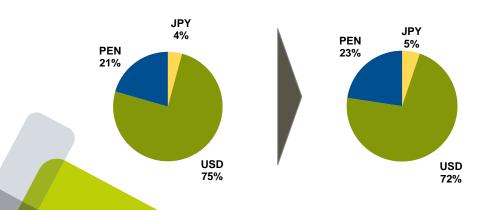
COFIDE's Strong Balance Sheet



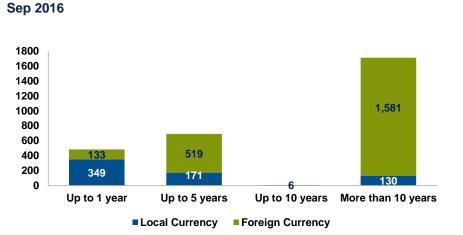
Diversified Funding by Currency

December 2015

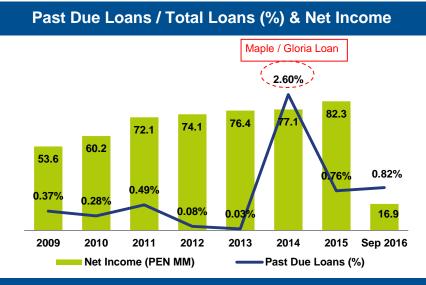




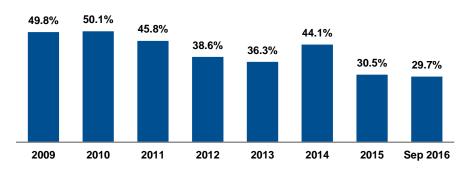
Debt Maturity Profile (US\$mn)



Portfolio Reflects Good Credit Culture and Strong Capital

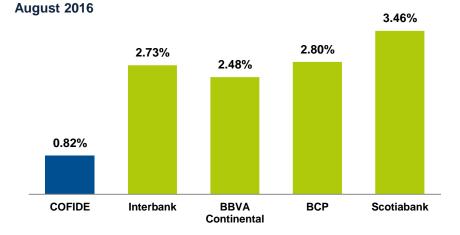


Capital Adequacy Ratio⁽¹⁾



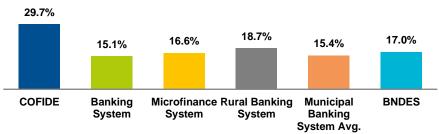
Evolution 2009 – Sep 2016

Past Due Loans / Total Loans – Financial System (%)



Superb Capital Adequacy Ratio⁽¹⁾

August 2016



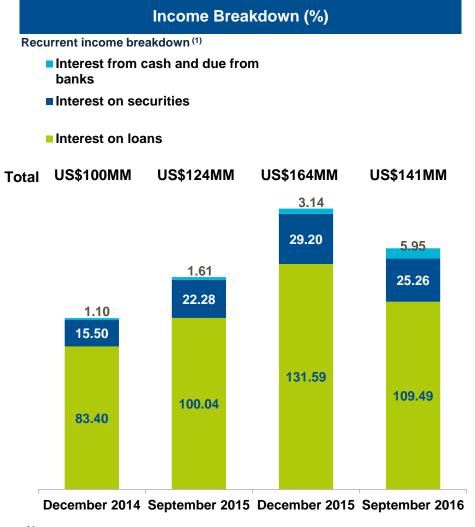
Source: Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y AFP

Notes:

(1) Capital adequacy ratio calculated as regulatory capital over risk weighted assets.

Source: Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y AFP.

Superior Operational Efficiency

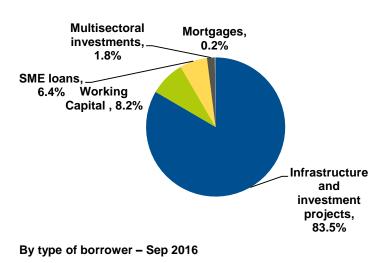


Notes:

(1) Does not take into consideration recovery from exchange rate differences and other financial income.

Loan Portfolio Breakdown (%)

By type of loan – Sep 2016



Rural associations, SME, 1.2% Municipal finance entities , 4.4% Microfinance institutions, 8.2% Banks , 83.6%





Central telefónica 615-4000 Augusto Tamayo 160, San Isidro www.cofide.com.pe

